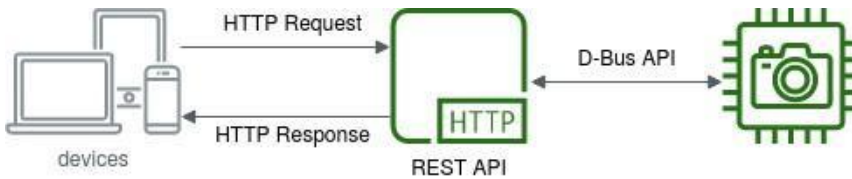


Overview

Control of the Chronos camera is provided as a REST API, which is a type of web API, involving requests and responses, not too unlike visiting a web page. You make a request to a resource stored on a server, and the server responds with the requested information. The protocol used to transport the data is HTTP. "REST" stands for Representational State Transfer.



The Chronos API provides access to the camera configuration, settings and related data describing the camera's hardware and available features. The base address of the Chronos API is `http://192.168.12.1/control` when accessing the camera via its USB interface. This API provides a set of endpoints, each with its own unique path.

Note: Use the IP Address specified in the Util -> Network screen when accessing the camera via Ethernet

Methods

API methods are procedures that may start a procedure or change the camera state. Since these operations do not fit well into the REST model, they are performed using the HTTP POST method, with their arguments provided in JSON format as the HTTP POST body.

describe

The `describe` method is accessible by the `/control/describe` endpoint and returns a description of the available parameters and methods that can be accessed via the Chronos API. This method is used to generate most of the reference information on this page.

`curl http://192.168.12.1/control/describe`

```
{
  "cameraMemoryGB": {
    "type": "d",
    "get": true,
    "set": false,
    "notifies": false,
    "doc": "int: Amount of video memory attached to the FPGA in GiB"
  }
  ...
}
```

Member	Description
type	D-Bus type signature for the parameter's value.
get	<code>true</code> when the parameter can be retrieved using the <code>get</code> method
set	<code>true</code> when the parameter can be changed using the <code>set</code> method
notifies	<code>true</code> when changes to the parameter are reported using the <code>notify</code> event
doc	Documentation string, explaining the parameter's meaning and function

availableCalls

The `availableCalls` method is accessible by the `/control/availableCalls` endpoint. This method gets a list of the methods that can be called via the API.

This method returns a dictionary with an entry for each method that can be called via the API. Each entry will include a `brief` string that summarizes the purpose of the API method. Optionally, the entries may also contain a `description` with a more extensive detail, as well as `args` and `returns` dictionaries that list the parameters that the method accepts, and any values that the method returns.

The `availableCalls` method returns a dictionary with the following members:

Return Value	Type	Description
calls	dict	A dictionary describing each method that is callable by the API.

availableKeys

The `availableKeys` method is accessible by the `/control/availableKeys` endpoint. This method gets a list of the parameters available in the API.

This method returns a dictionary with an entry for each parameter that can be accessed via the API. Each entry will describe the `type` of the parameter as a D-Bus signature, a `doc` string that describes the function of the parameter, as well `get`, `set`, and `notify` flags that indicate whether the parameter is read-only, read-write or generates `notify` events when its value changes.

The dictionary for each key may also include additional details depending on the type of the parameter. String parameters describing an enumerated type, may include an `enum` dictionary which maps each of the acceptable values to a brief docstring describing what that value does.

Dictionary types may include an `args` dictionary describing what each member of the dictionary does when it is set in the API, or they may include a `returns` dictionary describing what each dictionary member means when it is returned by the API.

Each key may also include a `description` member, which provides a detailed multi-line documentation string. This is intended to provide more detail than may be available in the single-line `doc`.

The `availableKeys` method returns a dictionary with the following members:

Return Value	Type	Description
<code>keys</code>	dict	A dictionary describing each parameter in the API.

clearCalibration

The `clearCalibration` method is accessible by the `/control/clearCalibration` endpoint. This method removes user calibration data, returning the camera to its factory state.

When called with no arguments, this removes only the user calibration, allowing the camera to return to its factory new state. The caller may also specify the removal of factory calibration data, though this is not recommended unless the user has made a backup of their calibration data first.

The `clearCalibration` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
<code>factory</code>	bool, optional	Also remove factory calibration data. (default: false)

exportCalData

The `exportCalData` method is accessible by the `/control/exportCalData` endpoint. This method generates factory calibration samples and saves them to external storage

This method iterates through the image sensor's internal calibration modes and generates factory calibration sample data to be processed externally. The calibration data will be saved to a USB thumb drive, typically mounted at `/media/sda1`.

After external processing of the calibration samples is complete, the resulting calibration data can be imported to the camera using the `importCalData` method.

flushRecording

The `flushRecording` method is accessible by the `/control/flushRecording` endpoint. This method flushes recorded video data from memory.

Normally when recording video, the camera will overwrite video data only as needed to make room for new data from the image sensor. This method discards all video data from the video memory so that the user can start fresh on their next recording.

get

The `get` method is accessible by the `/control/get` endpoint. This method retrieves parameter values from the API.

The resulting dictionary will contain an element for each parameter that was successfully read from the API. If any parameters could not be read, they will be included in an `error` dictionary giving the reasons that they could not be retrieved.

The `get` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
*names	string	list of parameter names to retrieve from the API.

getResolutionTimingLimits

The `getResolutionTimingLimits` method is accessible by the `/control/getResolutionTimingLimits` endpoint. This method tests the camera ability to support a desired resolution and framerate.

This method checks the sensor's ability to operate at the desired resolution parameters and, if successful, reports on some of the parameters that would apply if that resolution was configured.

Otherwise, this method will generate an error to indicate that the resolution setting is not supported by the image sensor.

The `getResolutionTimingLimits` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
bitDepth	int, optional	Desired pixel bit depth to use for image readout. (default: image sensor maximum)
hOffset	int, optional	Horizontal offset of the image from the right edge of the image sensor. (default: center the image horizontally)
hRes	int	Horizontal image resolution, in pixels.
minFrameTime	float, optional	Minimum time period, in seconds between frames, that the imager sensor will operate at. (default: image sensor minimum)
vOffset	int, optional	Vertical offset of the image from the top edge of the image sensor. (default: center the image vertically)
vRes	int	Vertical image resolution, in pixels.

The `getResolutionTimingLimits` method returns a dictionary with the following members:

Return Value	Type	Description
cameraMaxFrames	int	The maximum number of frames that the camera can save at this resolution and framerate setting.

exposureMax	int	The maximum exposure period in nanoseconds, that the image sensor can expose a frame for if the framePeriod was set equal to minFramePeriod.
exposureMin	int	The minimum exposure period in nanoseconds that the image sensor can expose a frame for.
minFramePeriod	int	The minimum frame period, in nanoseconds between frames, that the image sensor can operate at.

importCalData

The `importCalData` method is accessible by the `/control/importCalData` endpoint. This method imports calibration data that was generated off-camera.

This method looks for any calibration data present on a USB thumb drive, typically mounted at `/media/sda1`, and copies the calibration data to the camera's internal filesystem for later use.

This method is used during factory calibration to import calibration data that the camera is not capable of generating on its own. Typically, the camera will be connected to a test jig to trigger the camera, with data being acquired using the `exportCalData` method.

reboot

The `reboot` method is accessible by the `/control/reboot` endpoint. This method restarts the control API and/or the camera.

This method allows the user to restart their camera software, and optionally perform a full power cycle and/or return to factory default settings at the same time.

The `reboot` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
power	boolean, optional	When true, the camera will perform a full power cycle.
reload	boolean, optional	When true, the control API and user interfaces will restart themselves (default: true).
settings	boolean, optional	When true, the user and API settings are removed during the reboot, returning the camera to its factory default state.

set

The `set` method is accessible by the `/control/set` endpoint. This method sets parameter values in the API.

The resulting dictionary will contain an element for each parameter that was successfully set in the API.

If any parameters could not be set, they will be included in an `error` dictionary given the reason that they could not be set. Typically, this is either because the value given was not valid for the parameter, or the parameter did not exist.

The `set` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
**values	dict	A dictionary naming each of the parameters to update, and the to which they should be set.

startCalibration

The `startCalibration` method is accessible by the `/control/startCalibration` endpoint. This method begins one or more calibration procedures at the current settings.

Black calibration takes a sequence of images with the lens cap or shutter closed and averages them to find the black level of each pixel on the image sensor. This value is then subtracted during playback to correct for image offset defects.

Analog calibration consists of any automated image sensor calibration that can be performed quickly and autonomously without any setup from the user (e.g.: no closing of the aperture or calibration jigs).

Factory calibration algorithms may require special test equipment or setups. Factory calibration also implies that calibration data will be saved, and that conflicting user calibration data will be removed.

The `startCalibration` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
analogCal	bool, optional	Perform autonomous analog calibration of the image sensor. (default: false)
blackCal	bool, optional	Perform a full black calibration assuming the user has closed the aperture or lens cap. (default: false)
factory	bool, optional	Whether factory calibration algorithms should be performed. (default: false)
saveCal	bool, optional	Whether the results of calibration should be saved to the filesystem for later use. (default: false)
zeroTimeBlackCal	bool, optional	Perform a fast black calibration by reducing the exposure time and aperture to their minimum values. (default: false)

This method starts an asynchronous process that changes the camera's state and executes in the background. The results of the `startCalibration` method will be returned to the user in the `complete` event, with a `method` equal to `startCalibration`.

startFilesave

The `startFilesave` method is accessible by the `/control/startFilesave` endpoint. This method saves a region of recorded video to external storage.

Upon calling this method, the video system will switch to the `filesave` state and begin encoding video data to the output `device`. During this procedure, the `playbackStart`, `playbackPosition` and `playbackLength` parameters will be updated to track the progress of the filesave.

When the file save is completed, the video system will exit the `filesave` state and revert to whichever state it was in when the `startFilesave` method was called.

The `startFilesave` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
bitrate	int, optional	For compressed formats, this sets the desired bitrate of the encoded file in bits per second (0.25 bits per pixel per second).
device	string	Name of the external storage device where video should be saved.
filename	string, optional	Name to give to the video file (or directory for TIFF and DNG formats). When omitted, a filename is generated using the current date and time.
format	string	Enumerate the output video format.
framerate	int, optional	For formats with a media container (such as MPEG-4), this determines the framerate of the encoded media file (default: 60 frames per second).
length	int, optional	The number of frames of video that should be saved (default: all frames).
start	int, optional	The frame number in recorded video where the saved video begins (default: 0).

startLivedisplay

The `startLivedisplay` method is accessible by the `/control/startLivedisplay` endpoint. This method switches the video system into live display mode.

When in live display mode, the camera will replay the active video data being acquired from the image sensor onto the LCD screen, HDMI port and its RTSP stream. The video stream will monitor for changes in the video geometry, or hot plug events and may restart and reconfigure itself as necessary to keep the video data flowing. The show must go on.

Any video properties that relate to video playback rate and position have no meaning or effect when in this state.

startPlayback

The `startPlayback` method is accessible by the `/control/startPlayback` endpoint. This method switches the video system into playback mode or sets the playback position and rate.

When in playback mode, the camera will replay the captured video on the LCD, HDMI port and its RTSP stream. The user may configure the starting frame number and the rate at which video is replayed.

The actual video stream replayed by the camera is fixed at either 30 or 60fps, the camera will either skip or duplicate frames to achieve the requested framerate. For example, setting the `framerate` to 120fps will typically play every 2nd frame at 60fps.

The `framerate` can be either positive for forward playback, or negative to rewind backwards through video. A value of zero will effectively pause the video on the current frame.

The `startPlayback` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
<code>framerate</code>	int	The rate, in frames per second, at which video should advance through the playback memory.
<code>loopcount</code>	int, optional	The number of frames, after which the video system should return to <code>position</code> and continue playback. This allows the user to select a subset of the video to play.
<code>position</code>	int	The starting frame number from which video should play.

startRecording

The `startRecording` method is accessible by the `/control/startRecording` endpoint. This method programs the recording sequencer and starts recording.

The `startRecording` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
<code>recMode</code>	RecModes, optional	Override the current <code>recMode</code> property when starting the recording.

This method starts an asynchronous process that changes the camera's state and executes in the background. The results of the `startRecording` method will be returned to the user in the `complete` event, with a `method` equal to `startRecording`.

startWhiteBalance

The `startWhiteBalance` method is accessible by the `/control/startWhiteBalance` endpoint. This method begins the white balance procedure.

Take a white reference sample from the live video stream and compute the white balance coefficients for the current lighting conditions. If successful, the results of the white balance calculation will be stored in `wbCustomColor` and `wbTemperature` will be set to OK.

The `startWhiteBalance` method accepts the following arguments:

Argument	Type	Description
hStart	int, optional	Horizontal position at which the white reference should be taken.
vStart	int, optional	Vertical position at which the white reference should be taken.

This method starts an asynchronous process that changes the camera's state and executes in the background. The results of the `startWhiteBalance` method will be returned to the user in the `complete` event, with a `method` equal to `startWhiteBalance`.

stopFilesave

The `stopFilesave` method is accessible by the `/control/stopFilesave` endpoint. This method terminates an ongoing file save operation

When the video system has started a file save operation, it can take a very long time to complete depending on the quantity of footage being saved, and the speed of media to which it is being written.

If an operation was started in error, or the user changes their mind, then this method may be used to terminate that operation rather than waiting for it to complete.

It is acceptable to call this method even when no file save operation is in progress, however, it may result in an otherwise unexpected restart of the video system.

stopRecording

The `stopRecording` method is accessible by the `/control/stopRecording` endpoint. This method terminates a recording if one is in progress.

Events

With server-sent-events it is possible for the camera to send asynchronous notifications when long running operations complete, or parameters change in the API. This is done by pushing events to the web browser.

Using JavaScript, a browser can subscribe to the HTML5 Server-Sent-Events stream by creating a new `EventSource` on the `/control/subscribe` endpoint, and then using the `addEventListener` function to receive events.

```
function onNotifyEvent(data) {  
    document.getElementById("result").innerText = JSON.parse(data);  
}
```

```
var evtSource = new EventSource("/control/subscribe");
evtSource.addEventListener("notify", function(event) {
    onNotifyEvent(event.data);
});
```

notify

The `notify` event is generated whenever a mutable parameter in the API changes its value, and the data sent with the event will contain a dictionary of the updated parameter values.

curl <http://192.168.12.1/control/subscribe>

```
event: notify
data: {
data: "calSuggested": false,
data: "state": "analogcal"
data: }
```

complete

The `complete` event is generated whenever an asynchronous procedure has run to completion and will contain the results of the procedure.

If the procedure is completed successfully then the data will contain a dictionary with the name of the method completed, and the new state of the camera.

If the procedure is completed with an error, then the dictionary will also contain an `error` with the type of error that occurred, and optionally a `message` with a human-readable description of the error.

curl <http://192.168.12.1/control/subscribe>

```
event: complete
data: {
data: "state": "idle",
data: "method": "startWhiteBalance",
data: "error": "SignalClippingError",
data: "message": "Signal clipping, reference image is too bright for white balance"
data: }
```

Member	Description
state	The new state of the camera after completing the asynchronous call
method	The name of the asynchronous API call that has completed
error	A canonical name for an error that occurred during the asynchronous call (optional)

message	A human-readable string describing the cause of the error
----------------	---

Parameters

The Chronos API exposes a set of parameters that are accessible using a REST API. Parameters are accessed via standard HTTP requests in JSON format, and where possible the Chronos API uses appropriate verbs for each action:

Verb	Endpoint	Action
GET	/control/p/{name}	Retrieve a single parameter by name if <code>get</code> is true.
PUT	/control/p/{name}	Set the value of a single parameter by name if the <code>set</code> flag is true.
POST	/control/p	Update a collection of parameters together

backlightEnabled

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

True if the LCD on the back of the camera is lit. Can be set to False to dim the screen and save a small amount of power.

```
JavaScript
true
```

batteryChargeNormalized

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Estimated battery charge, with 0.0 being depleted and 1.0 being fully charged.

```
JavaScript
1
```

batteryChargePercent

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Estimated battery charge, with 0% being depleted and 100% being fully charged.

```
JavaScript
```

```
100
```

batteryCritical

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: true

True when the battery voltage is critically low and a powerdown is imminent

```
JavaScript
```

```
false
```

batteryPresent

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: true

True when the battery is installed, and False when the camera is only running on adaptor power

```
JavaScript
```

```
true
```

batteryVoltage

Type: Double

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

The voltage that is currently being output by the battery. A fully charged battery outputs between 12V and 12.5V.

```
JavaScript  
12.225
```

calSuggested

Type: Boolean

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: true

True when the calibration of the camera needs updating.

```
JavaScript  
false
```

cameraApiVersion

Type: String

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

Version string of the chronos module

```
JavaScript  
"0.7.0"
```

cameraDescription

Type: String

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

Descriptive string assigned by the user

```
JavaScript  
"Chronos SN:00000"
```

cameraFpgaVersion

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Version string of the FPGA bitstream that is currently running

```
JavaScript  
"3.24"
```

cameraIdNumber

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Unique camera number assigned by the user

```
JavaScript  
0
```

cameraMaxFrames

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: true

The maximum number of frames the camera's memory can save at the current resolution.

JavaScript

11038

cameraMemoryGB

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Amount of video memory attached to the FPGA in GiB

JavaScript

32

cameraModel

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Camera model name

JavaScript

"CR21-1.0"

cameraSerial

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Unique camera serial number

JavaScript

"00000"

cameraTallyMode

Type: String

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Mode in which the recording LEDs should operate.

```
JavaScript
```

```
"auto"
```

colorMatrix

Type: Array of Doubles

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

The matrix coefficients for a 3x3 color matrix converting the image sensor color space into sRGB. The values are stored in row-scan order.

```
JavaScript
```

```
[  
  2.20679,  
 -0.863281,  
 -0.239258,  
 -0.375488,  
 1.63477,  
 -0.271973,  
 0.0136719,  
 -0.911377,  
 1.72046  
]
```

config

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Return a configuration dictionary of all saveable parameters

JavaScript

```
{
  "recSegments": 5,
  "recMode": "normal",
  "ioMappingToggleSet": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "ioThresholdIo2": 2.50271,
  "ioMappingCombOr2": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "ioMappingCombOr3": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "ioMappingStopRec": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "recTrigDelay": 0,
  "ioMappingGate": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "ioMappingCombOr1": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "exposureMode": "normal",
  "ioMappingCombXor": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "ioThresholdIo1": 2.50271,
  "currentGain": 1.07143,
```

```
"recPreBurst": 1,
"ioMappingToggleFlip": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"ioDelayTime": 0,
"cameraDescription": "Chronos SN:00000",
"wbCustomColor": [
  1.25822,
  1,
  1.10377
],
"miscScratchPad": {
  "empty": 1
},
"ioMappingStartRec": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"ioMappingIo2": {
  "source": "alwaysHigh",
  "drive": 0,
  "debounce": true,
  "invert": true
},
"ioMappingIo1": {
  "source": "alwaysHigh",
  "drive": 0,
  "debounce": true,
  "invert": true
},
"colorMatrix": [
  2.20679,
  -0.863281,
  -0.239258,
  -0.375488,
  1.63477,
  -0.271973,
  0.0136719,
  -0.911377,
  1.72046
],
```

```

"ioMappingTrigger": {
  "source": "io1",
  "debounce": true,
  "invert": true
},
"disableRingBuffer": 0,
"ioMappingDelay": {
  "source": "comb",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"resolution": {
  "bitDepth": 12,
  "vOffset": 0,
  "vRes": 1080,
  "minFrameTime": 0.000999893,
  "hOffset": 0,
  "hRes": 1920,
  "vDarkRows": 0
},
"recMaxFrames": 11038,
"wbTemperature": 0,
"ioMappingToggleClear": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"ioMappingCombAnd": {
  "source": "alwaysHigh",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"cameraIdNumber": 0,
"cameraTallyMode": "auto",
"exposurePeriod": 500950,
"digitalGain": 1,
"ioMappingShutter": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"framePeriod": 999893
}

```

currentGain

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

The current gain of the image sensor as a linear multiplier of `sensorIso`.

JavaScript

```
1.07143
```

currentIso

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: false

The ISO number of the image sensor at the current current gain.

JavaScript

```
621.429
```

dateTime

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The current date and time in ISO-8601 format.

JavaScript

```
"2023-09-25T10:42:43.294041"
```

digitalGain

Type: Double

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

Digital image gain applied during video processing.

JavaScript

1

disableRingBuffer

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: false

When true, the camera will stop recording once the RAM buffer is full instead of looping over.

JavaScript

0

exposureMax

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: true

The maximum possible time, in nanoseconds, that the image sensor is capable of exposing

JavaScript

993226

exposureMin

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: true

The minimum possible time, in nanoseconds, that the image sensor is capable of exposing

```
JavaScript
```

```
1000
```

exposureMode

Type: String

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Mode in which frame timing and exposure should operate.

```
JavaScript
```

```
"normal"
```

exposureNormalized

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: false

The current exposure time rescaled between `exposureMin` and `exposureMax`. This value is 0 when exposure is at minimum, and increases linearly until exposure is at maximum, when it is 1.0.

```
JavaScript
```

```
0.503877
```

exposurePercent

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: false

The current exposure time rescaled between `exposureMin` and `exposureMax`. This value is 0% when exposure is at minimum, and increases linearly until exposure is at maximum, when it is 100%.

JavaScript

50.3877

exposurePeriod

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Minimum period, in nanoseconds, that the image sensor is currently exposing frames for.

JavaScript

500950

externalPower

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: true

True when the AC adaptor is present, and False when on battery power.

JavaScript

true

externalStorage

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The currently attached external storage partitions and their status. The sizes of the reported storage devices are in units of kB.

JavaScript

```
{
  "mmcblk1p1": {
    "device": "/dev/mmcblk1p1",
    "description": "MMC/SD Card Partiton 1",
    "mount": "/media/mmcblk1p1",
    "fstype": "vfat"
  },
  "sda1": {
    "device": "/dev/sda1",
    "description": "ATA TEAM T253X2001T Partiton 1",
    "mount": "/media/sda1",
    "fstype": "vfat"
  }
}
```

fanOverride

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Fan speed in the range of 0=off to 1.0=full, or -1 for automatic fan control.

JavaScript

```
-1
```

focusPeakingColor

Type: String

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

The color to display when focus peaking detects a sharp edge.

JavaScript

```
"cyan"
```


focusPeakingLevel

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Edge sensitivity at which focus peaking is detected, with 0.0 disabling focus peaking and 1.0 for maximum sensitivity.

JavaScript

0

framePeriod

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

The time, in nanoseconds, to record a single frame.

JavaScript

999893

frameRate

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: false

The estimated recording rate in frames per second (reciprocal of [framePeriod](#)).

JavaScript

1000.11

ioDelayTime

Type: Double

25

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

Delay time, in seconds, for the programmable delay block

JavaScript

```
0
```

ioDetailedStatus

Type: Dictionary

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

Detailed status of the IO block.

- **detailedComb:** Dictionary of booleans showing the internal state of the combinatorial logic block.
- **edgeTimers:** Dictionary containing the time in clock cycles since the last rising and falling edges were measured for each output signal.
- **output:** Dictionary of booleans showing the state of all the output signals from the IO block.
- **sources:** The contents of the ioSourceStatus parameter.

JavaScript

```
{  
  "outputs": {  
    "gate": false,  
    "delay": false,  
    "start": false,  
    "comb": false,  
    "shutter": false,  
    "toggle": false,  
    "stop": false,  
    "io1": false,  
    "io2": false  
  },  
  "edgeTimers": {  
    "shutter": {  
      "rising": 42.9497,  

```

```
    "falling": 42.9497
  },
  "interrupt": {
    "rising": 42.9497,
    "falling": 42.9497
  },
  "stop": {
    "rising": 42.9497,
    "falling": 42.9497
  },
  "io1": {
    "rising": 42.9497,
    "falling": 42.9497
  },
  "toggle": {
    "rising": 42.9497,
    "falling": 42.9497
  },
  "start": {
    "rising": 42.9497,
    "falling": 42.9497
  },
  "io2": {
    "rising": 42.9497,
    "falling": 42.9497
  }
},
"detailedComb": {
  "or1": false,
  "or2": false,
  "or3": false,
  "xor": false,
  "and": true
},
"sources": {
  "io3": false,
  "nextSeg": false,
  "delay": false,
  "timingIo": true,
  "dispFrame": false,
  "alwaysHigh": true,
  "comb": false,
  "none": false,
  "shutter": true,
```

```
    "toggle": false,
    "endRec": false,
    "io1": false,
    "recording": false,
    "software": false,
    "startRec": false,
    "io2": false
  }
}
```

ioMapping

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: false

Legacy interface to the IO block.

JavaScript

```
{
  "combAnd": {
    "source": "alwaysHigh",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "toggleSet": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "delay": {
    "source": "comb",
    "delayTime": 0,
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
  "gate": {
    "source": "none",
    "debounce": false,
    "invert": false
  },
}
```

```
"toggleFlip": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"start": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"shutter": {
  "shutterTriggersFrame": false,
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"combX0r": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"comb0r2": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"comb0r3": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"comb0r1": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"toggleClear": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
},
"stop": {
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
```

```

    "invert": false
  },
  "trigger": {
    "source": "io1",
    "debounce": true,
    "invert": true
  },
  "io1In": {
    "threshold": 2.50271
  },
  "io2In": {
    "threshold": 2.50271
  },
  "io1": {
    "source": "alwaysHigh",
    "driveStrength": 0,
    "debounce": true,
    "invert": true
  },
  "io2": {
    "source": "alwaysHigh",
    "driveStrength": 0,
    "debounce": true,
    "invert": true
  }
}

```

ioMappingCombAnd

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Combinatorial block AND input configuration

JavaScript

```

{
  "source": "alwaysHigh",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
}

```

ioMappingCombOr1

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Combinatorial block OR input 1 configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingCombOr2

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Combinatorial block OR input 2 configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingCombOr3

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Combinatorial block OR input 3 configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingCombXor

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Combinatorial block XOR input configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingDelay

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Programmable delay block input configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "comb",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingGate

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Gate input signal configuration

```
JavaScript
{
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
}
```

ioMappingIo1

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Output driver 1 configuration

```
JavaScript
{
  "source": "alwaysHigh",
  "drive": 0,
  "debounce": true,
  "invert": true
}
```

ioMappingIo2

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Output driver 2 configuration

JavaScript

```
{
  "source": "alwaysHigh",
  "drive": 0,
  "debounce": true,
  "invert": true
}
```

ioMappingShutter

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Timing block shutter control signal configuration

JavaScript

```
{
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
}
```

ioMappingStartRec

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Recording start signal configuration

JavaScript

```
{
  "source": "none",
  "debounce": false,
  "invert": false
}
```

ioMappingStopRec

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Recording stop signal configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingToggleClear

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Toggle/flip-flop block CLEAR input configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingToggleFlip

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Toggle/flip-flop block FLIP input configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingToggleSet

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Toggle/flip-flop block SET input configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "none",  
  "debounce": false,  
  "invert": false  
}
```

ioMappingTrigger

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Recording trigger signal configuration

JavaScript

```
{  
  "source": "io1",  
  "debounce": true,  
  "invert": true  
}
```

ioOutputStatus

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The output signals from the IO block and their current values.

JavaScript

```
{
  "gate": false,
  "delay": false,
  "start": false,
  "comb": false,
  "shutter": false,
  "toggle": false,
  "stop": false,
  "io1": false,
  "io2": false
}
```

ioSourceStatus

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The available IO signals and their current values.

JavaScript

```
{
  "io3": false,
  "nextSeg": false,
  "delay": false,
  "timingIo": false,
  "dispFrame": false,
  "alwaysHigh": true,
  "comb": false,
  "none": false,
  "shutter": true,
  "toggle": false,
  "endRec": false,
  "io1": false,
}
```

```
"recording": false,  
"software": false,  
"startRec": false,  
"io2": false  
}
```

ioStatusSourceIo1

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The current logic level seen on the IO input 1 (BNC jack).

```
JavaScript  
false
```

ioStatusSourceIo2

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The current logic level seen on IO input 2 (green IO connector).

```
JavaScript  
false
```

ioStatusSourceIo3

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The current logic level seen on IO input 3 (opto-isolated input).

```
JavaScript  
false
```

ioThresholdIo1

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Voltage threshold at which trigger input signal 1 should go high.

```
JavaScript  
2.50271
```

ioThresholdIo2

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Voltage threshold at which trigger input signal 2 should go high.

```
JavaScript  
2.50271
```

lastShutdownReason

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The reason for the last shutdown that happened.

```
JavaScript  
"97: PwrBtn, Software, PMIC Ack"
```

minFramePeriod

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: true

The minimum frame period, in nanoseconds, at the current resolution settings.

```
JavaScript
```

```
999893
```

miscScratchPad

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

A dictionary of arbitrary values that can be stored in the camera.

```
JavaScript
```

```
{  
  "empty": 1  
}
```

networkHostname

Type: String

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: false

Hostname to be used for dhcp requests and to be displayed on the command line.

```
JavaScript
```

```
chronos
```

overlayEnable

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Enabled the overlay text box when in playback mode

```
JavaScript  
false
```

overlayFormat

Type: String

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Format string for the overlay text box

```
JavaScript  
"% .6h/% .6z Sg=%g/%i T=% .8Ss"
```

overlayPosition

Type: String

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Location in the video stream to position the overlay textbox. This can take the values "top", "bottom" or a position of the form HPOSxVPOS.

```
JavaScript  
"bottom"
```

playbackLength

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

The number of frames which should be replayed when in playback mode.

JavaScript

11032

playbackPosition

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: false

The current frame being displayed when the camera is in playback mode.

JavaScript

0

playbackRate

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

The rate at which video is being replayed when in playback mode.

JavaScript

0

playbackStart

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

The starting frame from which video should be replayed when in playback mode.

```
JavaScript
```

```
0
```

pmicFirmwareVersion

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The Power Management Integrated Circuit's firmware version.

```
JavaScript
```

```
"11"
```

powerOffWhenMainsLost

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

True if the camera should power itself down when disconnected from mains power.

```
JavaScript
```

```
false
```

powerOnWhenMainsConnected

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

True if the camera should power itself on when plugged into mains power.

```
JavaScript  
false
```

recMaxFrames

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Limit on the maximum number of frames for the recording sequencer to use.

```
JavaScript  
11038
```

recMode

Type: String

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Mode in which the recording sequencer stores frames into video memory.

- **normal:** Frames are saved continuously into a ring buffer of up to recMaxFrames in length until the recording is terminated by the recording end trigger.
- **burst:** Each rising edge of the recording trigger starts a new segment in video memory, with frames being saved for as long as the recording trigger is active.
- **segmented:** Up to recMaxFrames of video memory is divided into recSegments number of ring buffers. The camera saves video into one ring buffer at a time, switching to the next ring buffer at each recording trigger.

```
JavaScript  
"normal"
```

recPreBurst

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

The number of frames leading up to the trigger rising edge to save when in 'burst' recording mode.

JavaScript

1

recSegments

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

The number of segments used by the recording sequencer when in 'segmented' recording mode.

JavaScript

5

recTrigDelay

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

The number of frames to delay the trigger rising edge in 'normal' and 'segmented' recording modes.

JavaScript

0

resolution

Type: Dictionary

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: true

Resolution geometry at which the image sensor should capture frames.

```
JavaScript
{
  "bitDepth": 12,
  "vOffset": 0,
  "vRes": 1080,
  "minFrameTime": 0.000999893,
  "hOffset": 0,
  "hRes": 1920,
  "vDarkRows": 0
}
```

sensorBitDepth

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Number of bits per pixel sampled by the image sensor.

```
JavaScript
12
```

sensorColorPattern

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

String describing the color filter array pattern of the image sensor.

```
JavaScript
"GRBG"
```

sensorHIncrement

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

Minimum step size allowed, in pixels, for changes in the horizontal resolution of the image sensor.

JavaScript

32

sensorHMax

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

Maximum horizontal resolution, in pixels, of the active area of the image sensor.

JavaScript

1920

sensorHMin

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

Minimum horizontal resolution, in pixels, of the active area of the image sensor.

JavaScript

640

sensorIso

Type: Integer

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

ISO number of the image sensor with nominal (0dB) gain applied.

JavaScript

580

sensorMaxGain

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Maximum gain of the image sensor as a linear multiplier of the [sensorISO](#).

JavaScript

16

sensorName

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Descriptive name of the image sensor.

JavaScript

"LUX2100"

sensorPixelRate

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Approximate throughput of the image sensor in pixels per second.

JavaScript

2073920000

sensorTemperature

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

The temperature, in degrees Celsius, measured near the image sensor.

JavaScript

45

sensorVDark

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Maximum vertical resolution, in pixels, of the optical black regions of the sensor.

JavaScript

8

sensorVIncrement

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Minimum step size allowed, in pixels, for changes in the vertical resolution of the image sensor.

JavaScript

2

sensorVMax

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Maximum vertical resolution, in pixels, of the active area of the image sensor.

```
JavaScript
```

```
1080
```

sensorVMin

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Minimum vertical resolution, in pixels, of the active area of the image sensor.

```
JavaScript
```

```
96
```

shippingMode

Type: Boolean

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

True when the camera is configured for shipping mode

```
JavaScript
```

```
false
```

shutterAngle

Type: Double

Get: true
Set: true
Notifies: false

The angle in degrees for which frames are being exposed relative to the frame time.

```
JavaScript  
180.365
```

state

Type: String

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: true

The current operating state of the camera.

- **analogCal:** The camera is currently performing analog calibration of the image sensor.
- **blackCal:** The camera is currently calibrating using a dark reference image.
- **idle:** The camera is powered up and operating, but not doing anything.
- **recording:** The camera is running a recording program to save images into video memory.
- **reset:** The camera is in the process of resetting the FPGA and image sensor.

```
JavaScript  
"idle"
```

systemTemperature

Type: Double

Get: true
Set: false
Notifies: false

The temperature, in degrees Celsius, measured near the main processor.

JavaScript

47.3

totalFrames

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Total number of frames of recorded video that have been saved into memory.

JavaScript

11032

totalSegments

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Total number of video segments that have been saved into memory.

JavaScript

0

videoConfig

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Dictionary of parameters saved persistently by the video system.

JavaScript

```
{
  "overlayFormat": "%.6h/%.6z Sg=%g/%i T=%.8Ss",
  "overlayEnable": false,
  "overlayPosition": "bottom",
  "focusPeakingLevel": 0,
  "zebraLevel": 0,
  "focusPeakingColor": "cyan"
}
```

videoSegments

Type: Dictionary

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: false

Array of video segments, describing the size and metadata that has been recorded.

JavaScript

```
[]
```

videoState

Type: String

Get: true

Set: false

Notifies: true

Current state of the video system.

- **live**
- **filesave**
- **play**
- **paused**

JavaScript

```
"live"
```

videoZoom

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Video scaling ratio to apply to the video stream (1.0 = fit to screen)

```
JavaScript
```

```
1
```

wbColor

Type: Array of Doubles

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

The Red, Green and Blue gain coefficients to achieve white balance.

```
JavaScript
```

```
[  
  1.25806,  
  1,  
  1.10376  
]
```

wbCustomColor

Type: Array of Doubles

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

The Red, Green and Blue gain coefficients last computed by `startWhiteBalance()`.

```
JavaScript
```

```
[  
  1.25822,
```

```
1,  
1.10377  
]
```

wbTemperature

Type: Integer

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Color temperature, in degrees Kelvin, to use for white balance.

```
JavaScript
```

```
0
```

zebraLevel

Type: Double

Get: true

Set: true

Notifies: true

Pixel threshold at which zebra striping is enabled. Values close to 0.0 only trigger zebra stripes near saturation, and values near 1.0 would enable zebra stripes even when the image is black.

```
JavaScript
```

```
0
```